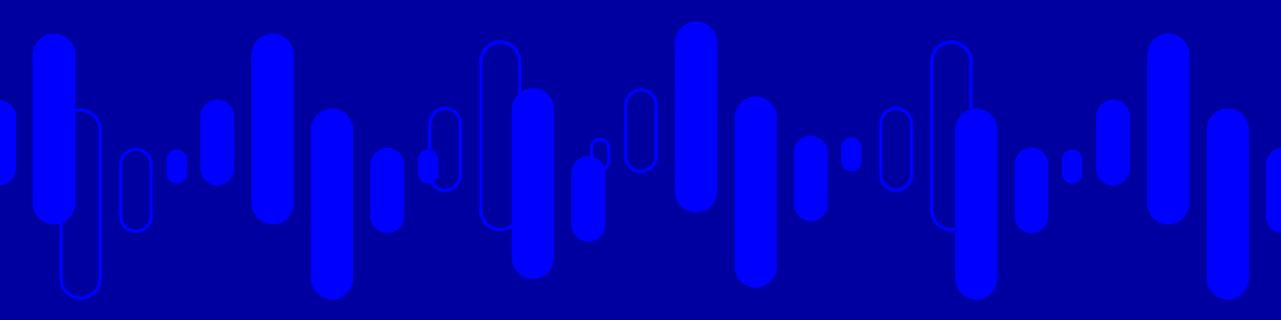


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Nordea

# 1. Nordea covered bond issuance in brief



### Nordea covered bond operations

Q1 2021

| Four aligned covered<br>bond issuers with<br>complementary roles | Nordea Eiendomskreditt          | Nordea Hypotek                          | Nordea Kredit                             | Nordea Mortgage Bank                    |
|--|---------------------------------|---|---|---|
| Legislation  | Norwegian                       | Swedish                                 | Danish                                    | Finnish                                 |
| Cover pool assets  | Norwegian residential mortgages | Swedish residential mortgages primarily | Danish residential & commercial mortgages | Finnish residential mortgages primarily |
| Cover pool size  | EUR 17.7bn (eq.)                | EUR 59.1bn (eq.)                        | Balance principle                         | EUR 23.2bn                              |
| Covered bonds outstanding  | EUR 12.9bn (eq.)                | EUR 41.2bn (eq.)                        | EUR 59.1bn (eq.)*                         | EUR 21.0bn                              |
| ос   | 37%                             | 44%                                     | 8%*                                       | 10%                                     |
| Issuance currencies  | NOK                             | SEK                                     | DKK, EUR                                  | EUR, GBP                                |
| Rating (Moody's / S&P)   | Aaa/ -                          | Aaa / -                                 | - / AAA                                   | Aaa / -                                 |

- Covered bonds are an integral part of Nordea's long term funding operations
- Issuance in Scandinavian and international currencies
- ECBC Covered Bond Label on all Nordea covered bond issuance





<sup>4 \*</sup>The figures in Nordea Kredit only include capital centre 2 (CC2). Nordea Kredit no longer reports for CC1 (RO), as this capital centre only accounts for a minor part (<1%) of the outstanding volume of loans and bonds.

### 2. Nordea Kredit in brief

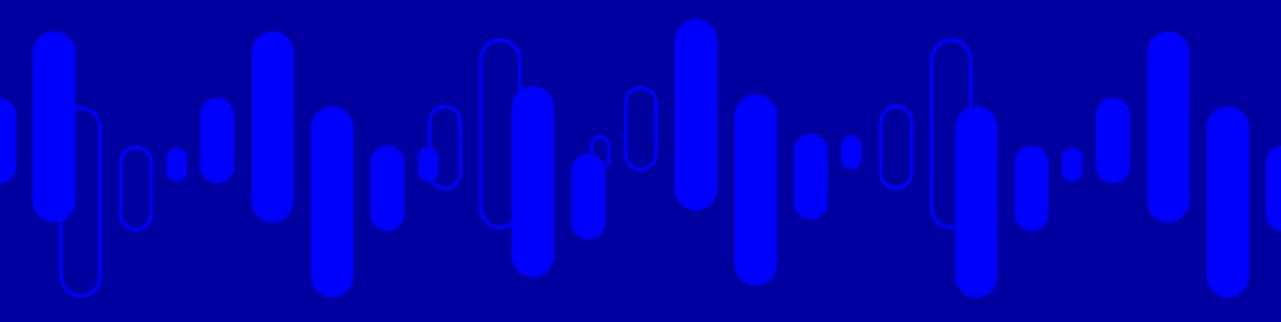


### Nordea Kredit – in brief

### Q1 2021

- 100% owned subsidiary of Nordea Bank Abp the largest Nordic financial institution
- Operates as a mortgage credit institution with the main purpose of granting mortgage credit loans funded by issuing covered bonds
- Founded in 1993 and supervised by the Danish FSA (DFSA, Finanstilsynet)
- Market share 14% of the Danish mortgage credit market
- All covered bonds are rated AAA by Standard & Poor's
- Dedicated liquidity line provided by Nordea Bank Abp to manage daily cash needs and ensure compliance with external and internal requirements regarding liquidity management
- Profit before tax 2020: DKK 1,640m
- Cost-income ratio 2020: 22.2%
- Capital ratio 2020 (of which Tier 1): 25%
- More information at nordeakredit.dk

### 3. Cover pool key characteristics

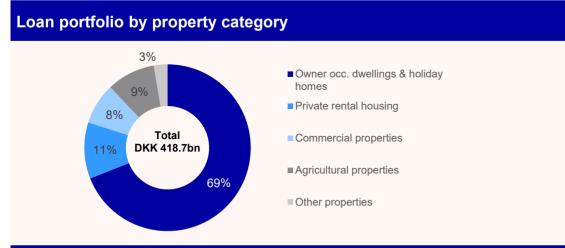


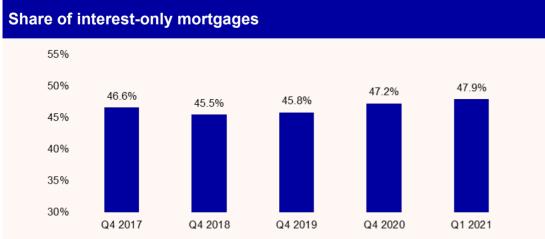
### **Cover pool key characteristics**

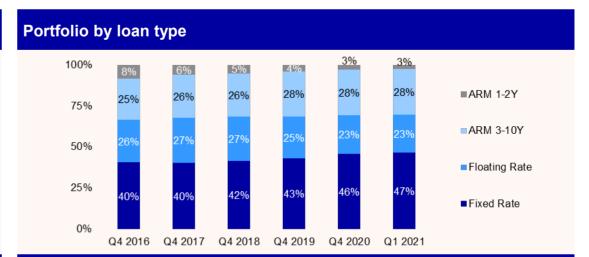
### Q1 2021

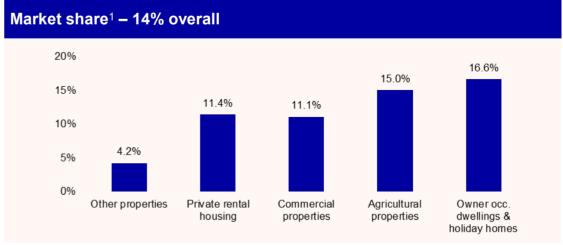
| Outstanding covered bonds     | EUR 59.1bn.   |  |  |
|-------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Cover pool content            | Mortgage credit loans secured by mainly residential property (total: EUR 62.7bn.) |  |  |
| Geographic distribution       | Throughout Denmark with concentration in urban areas                              |  |  |
| Weighted average LTV          | 55.37%  |  |  |
| Average residential loan size | EUR 196,740   |  |  |
| Over collateralisation, OC    | 7.8%  |  |  |
| Rate type                     | Fixed rate 74.8%, Floating rate 25.2%   |  |  |
| Amortization                  | Interest only 48.2%, Amortizing 51.8%   |  |  |
| Substitute assets             | EUR 7,31m.  |  |  |
| Pool type                     | Static  |  |  |
| Loans originated by           | Nordea Kredit CC2   |  |  |

### Loan portfolio





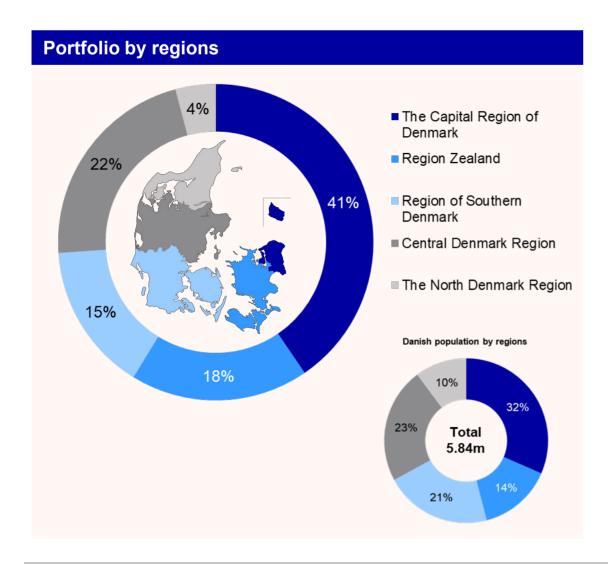




<sup>1)</sup> Market share of the Danish mortgage credit market



### Loan portfolio by regions – and green bonds



### **Green bonds**

Since November 2019 Nordea Kredit has offered corporate customers green mortgage loans funded by designated green covered mortgage bonds (Current ISIN DK0002046689).

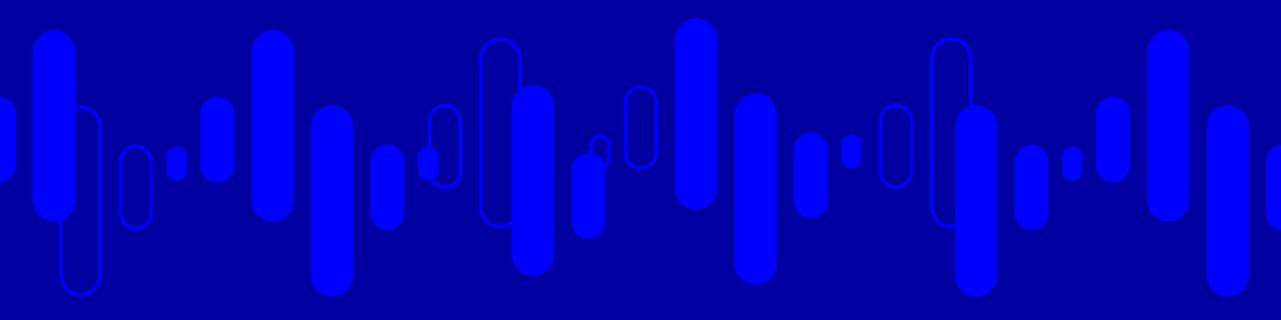
Green loans can be granted against a mortgage on climate-friendly properties according to the criteria set out by Nordea Kredit in the Nordea Green Bond Framework.

Total volume of these green covered mortgage bonds amounted to DKK 6.98bn by the end of Q1 2021.

Sustainable

Choice

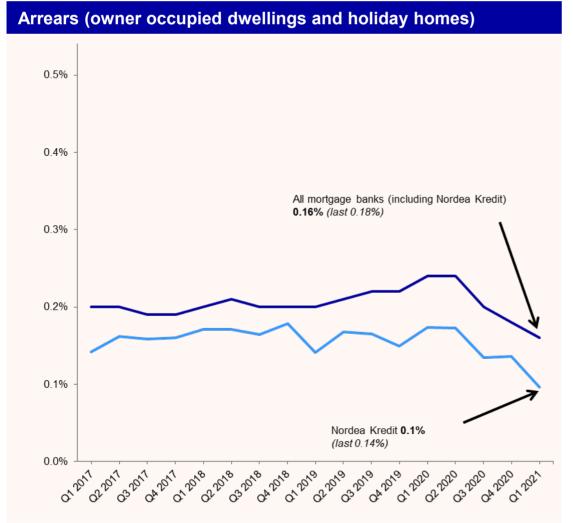
### 4. Asset quality

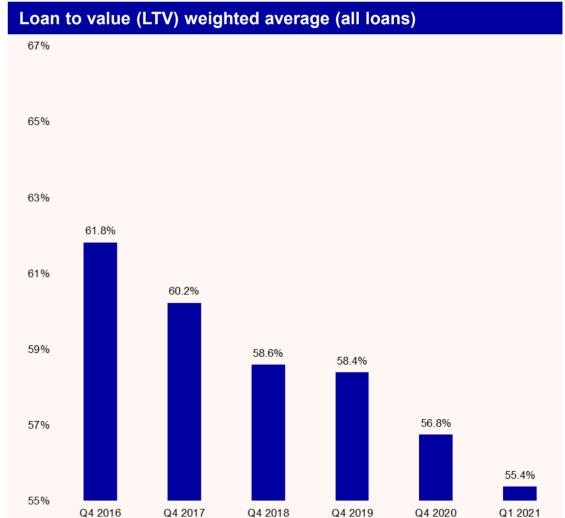


## Loan to value (LTV) – loans for residential and commercial properties Q1 2021

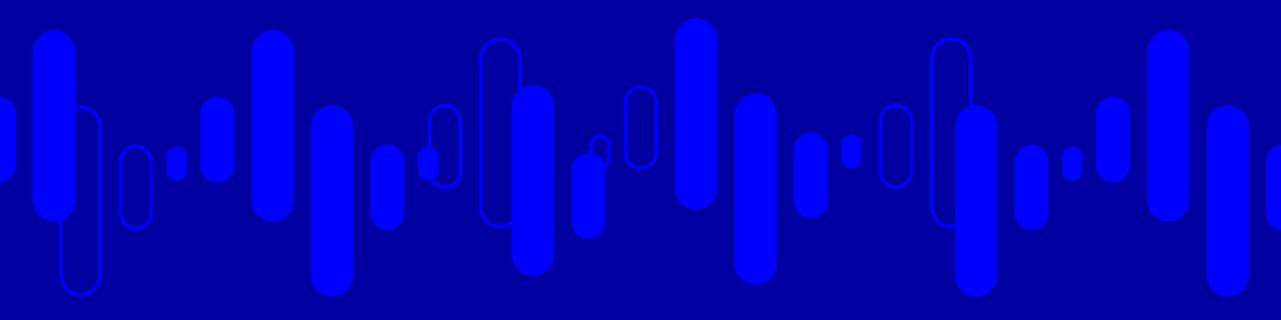
| Loan type Weighted average LTV - indexed | Residential Ioans<br>58.0% |         | Commercial Ioans 44.4% |         |
|--|----------------------------|---------|------------------------|---------|
| LTV buckets                              | Nominal (DKKm)             | % Loans | Nominal (DKKm)         | % Loans |
| >0 - <=40 %                              | 226,437                    | 68.1%   | 62,568                 | 74.8%   |
| >40 - <=50 %                             | 43,025                     | 12.9%   | 10,556                 | 12.6%   |
| >50 - <=60 %                             | 31,972                     | 9.6%    | 7,002                  | 8.4%    |
| >60 - <=70 %                             | 20,302                     | 6.1%    | 2,358                  | 2.8%    |
| >70 - <=80 %                             | 8,566                      | 2.6%    | 697                    | 0.8%    |
| >80%                                     | 2,086                      | 0.6%    | 504                    | 0.5%    |
| Total                                    | 332,343                    | 100.0%  | 80,719                 | 100.0%  |

### **Asset quality**





### 5. Underwriting criteria



### **Underwriting criteria**

### Q1 2021

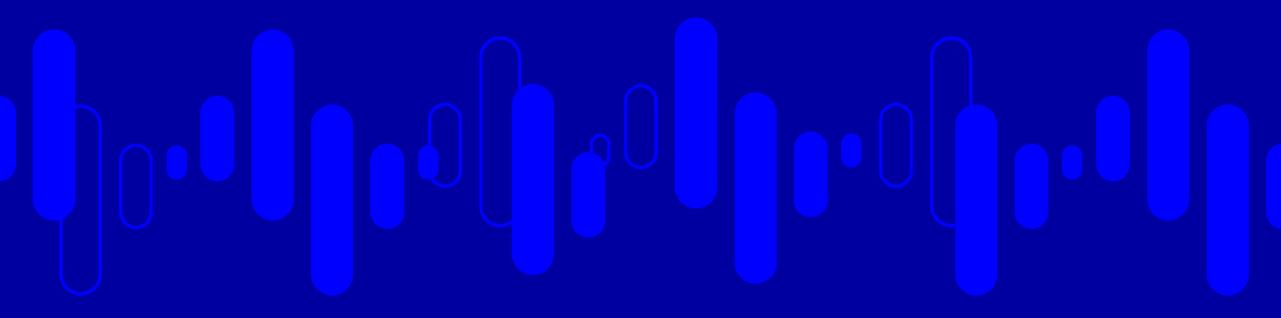
#### Private households

- Behavioural score and individual credit assessment are conducted based on income information, e.g. payslips and tax information
- "Before-after loan" household budgets are made and used in the assessment (based on 30 years annuity and fixed interest rate)
  - In case of adjustable or floating interest rates, an additional stress test based on the variable interest rate +1 percentage point is conducted
  - If the LTV (loan to value) is > 60 and LTI (loan to income) is > 4, the customer can choose:
    - Fixed rate loans and
    - Amortising variable rate, fixed for minimum 5 years
- An individual valuation is made of the pledged property

#### Corporates, agriculture etc.

- A financial analysis of the customer is made, including adjustments for current market conditions
- · Key ratios and other requirements in Nordea general real estate lending policy are verified
- · Rating of the customer according to Nordea's in-house models
- An individual valuation is made of the pledged property
- Yearly repricing based on reassessment

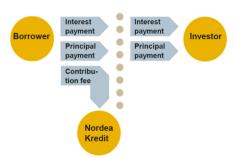
### 6. Covered bond framework



### Danish covered bond framework

### Q1 2021

- Legal framework
  - The Financial Business Act
  - The Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds, etc. Act with several detailed executive orders
- Registration
  - An issuing institution is required to maintain a static cover pool
  - Mortgage deeds are registered in the Public Land Registry
- Limits on LTV ratios based on the value of the property at loan origination
  - 80% for housing loans (residential property)
  - 60% for commercial loans (legislative limit 70%)
  - Static cover pools issuer must provide supplementary capital if LTV-limits are breached
- Matching rules
  - Nordea Kredit complies with the strict balance principle utilising match funding, hence Nordea Kredit only has insignificant interest rate and foreign exchange risk
- Public supervision
  - The DFSA performs supervision and on site inspections on an ongoing basis

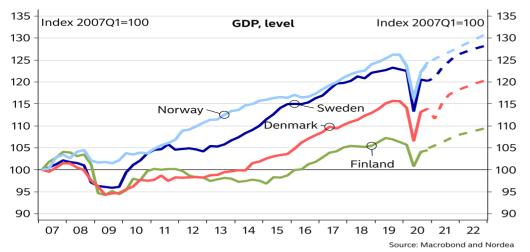


### 7. Macro



### Nordic economies – strong rebound in sight

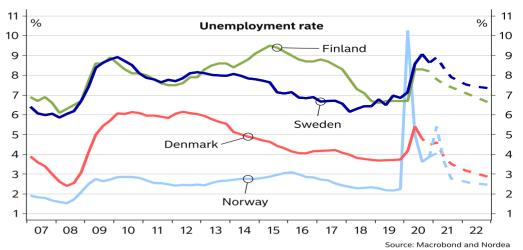
### **GDP** development, %



#### **Comments**

- After the dramatic setback in 2020 due to the coronavirus, there appears to be light at the end of the tunnel for 2021
- Vaccines are expected to bring long-awaited relief and the prospect of a return to normal. Nordic households' relatively strong finances pave the way for a broad recovery, as pent-up demand unwinds when restrictions are lifted
- The labour market has shown resilience, largely due to government subsidies such as short-term furloughs. The hard-hit services sector will rebound swiftly, and GDP is expected to reach pre-crisis levels in mid-to-late 2021

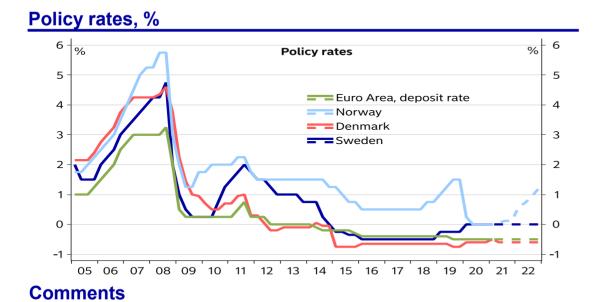
### **Unemployment rate, %**

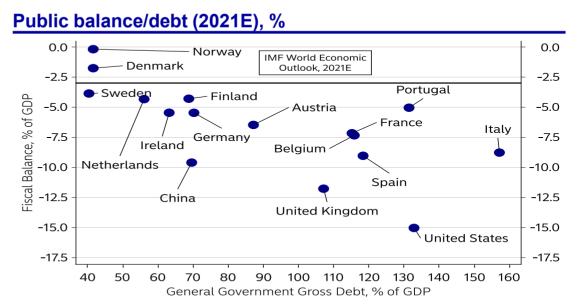


**GDP forecasts from Economic Outlook January 2021, %** 

| Country (%, y/y) | 2020 | 2021E | 2022E |
|------------------|------|-------|-------|
| Denmark          | -2.7 | 2.5   | 3.5   |
| Finland          | -2.9 | 3.0   | 2.0   |
| Norway           | -2.5 | 2.7   | 4.3   |
| Sweden           | -2.8 | 4.0   | 3.0   |

### Nordic rates – Nordics well-equipped to handle the long-term consequences of COVID-19

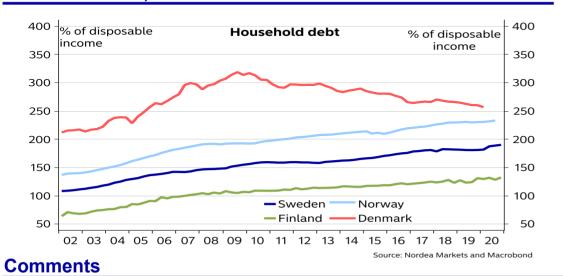




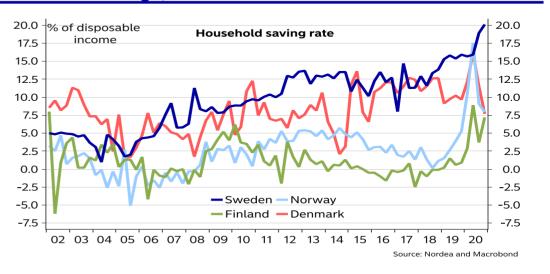
- Norges Bank now expects to start increasing rates in December 2021. However, due to its conservative assumptions regarding the roll-out of vaccines, we
  expect the bank to raise the policy rate in September. Policy rates in the euro area, Denmark and Sweden are expected to remain unchanged throughout
  the forecast period
- Sveriges Riksbank and the ECB launched new large-scale asset purchase programmes (QE) as a response to the COVID-19 crisis. The ECB is expected
  to purchase financial assets corresponding to 7% of euro area GDP in 2021, while Sveriges Riksbank's purchases amount to an expected 8% of Swedish
  GDP
- Solid public finances prior to 2020 have enabled the Nordic governments to act swiftly during the COVID-19 crisis. Large recovery packages have been
  announced in 2021 as well as in 2020. Fiscal deficits are expected to narrow this year and approach zero in 2022, except for Finland. The Nordics are
  relatively well equipped to handle the long-term consequences of the pandemic

### Households remain resilient

#### Household debt, %



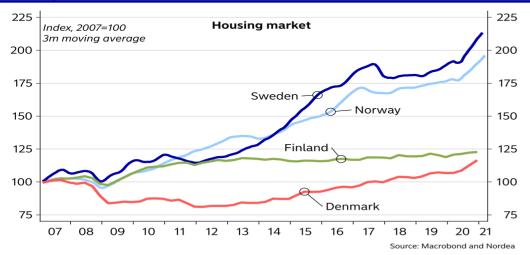
### Household savings, %



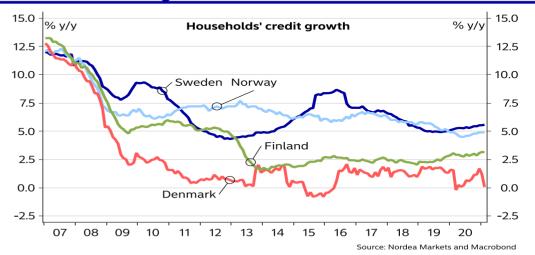
- Household savings have increased dramatically during the crisis, largely due to a decline in spending. Despite high debt levels, Nordic households' strong
  finances are expected to support economic growth as soon as restrictions are lifted. Low interest rates and economic stimulus continue to support credit
  growth and the housing market
- Early labour market measures, automatic stabilisers and other measures to stimulate demand have helped to soften the blow to households and businesses. Robust public finances prior to the crisis have increased the credibility of the measures and harsh fiscal tightening is neither needed in the short term nor expected, which is important for income expectations among households

### Nordic housing markets heat up

#### **House prices**



### Households' credit growth



#### **Comments**

- Contrary to expectations, house prices have increased to record-high levels in all the Nordic countries during the crisis. This is not least due to the unprecedented expansionary fiscal and monetary policy in support of households and businesses
- The crisis has had a limited effect on those groups in the labour market which are more active in the housing market, while demand has surged due to preferences shifting towards larger homes and single-family homes. At the same time, people's mobility has been severely restricted, causing a sharp decline in the number of homes on the market, which in turn has contributed to driving prices higher
- House prices are expected to continue to rise in all four countries this year and next year. However, interest rates are not likely to go lower, and at some
  point, the expansionary fiscal policies will come to an end. Moreover, as mobility levels increase, housing supply will increase again. Against this backdrop,
  the pace of price growth will slow. If the housing market remains in good shape, the economy will as well, so the benign trend in house prices is helping all
  the Nordic countries to get through the crisis

### 8. Contacts & Links



### **Contacts**

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact:



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### Links to more information

#### Nordea Kredit

- Nordea Kredit <u>ECBC harmonised transparency templates</u>. Link: https://www.nordea.com/en/investor-relations/reports-and-presentations/bonds/nordea-kredit-covered-bonds/
- Nordea Kredit <u>financial reports</u>.
   Link: https://www.nordea.com/en/investor-relations/reports-and-presentations/subsidiary-reports/nordeas-danish-subsidiary-reports/

### Legislation

- Danish mortgage financing is supervised by the DFSA (Finanstilsynet).
   Link: https://finanstilsynet.dk/en
- Relevant legislation can be found in English at the DFSA's English website.
   Link: https://finanstilsynet.dk/en/Lovgivning
- All mortgage bank legislation can be found in Danish at the DFSA's Danish website.

Link: http://finanstilsynet.dk/da/Lovgivning/Lovsamling